

Danny and Norman's Snowman

Level E / 125 words / fiction

High frequency words:

are, but, come, get, help, no, now, run, what, will, you

Before reading

- Look at the cover and read the title.
- Possible discussion questions: "What season is it in this story? What do you think will happen when Danny and Norman try to build a snowman?"

Look through all the pictures

- Using the language in the story, discuss each photograph in the book. Notice details in the pictures and use that information to better understand the text.
- Help the children find any tricky words in the text: carrot, Norman, and snowman. Discuss meaning, word structure, and sounds you expect to hear in those words. Have children clap and count the syllables.

Reading the text

- Have the children read the text independently. While they're reading, listen to each student and prompt them to use meaning, structure, and visual information to monitor and self-correct reading.
- Children should be able to read without using their finger to track words, except at point of difficulty.

After reading

- Discuss the meaning, structure, and letter cues that you notice students using correctly.
- Literal comprehension: The answers are in the text. Ask, "What are the four things that Danny and Norman put on the snowman? What happens to the snowman's nose?" Have students read the pages that support their answers.

• Inferential comprehension: The answers are in your head. Ask, "Have you ever made a snowman in the snow? What else do you like to do in the snow?"

Word work

- Have the students locate the high-frequency words in the text and practice writing them.
- Find and discuss the homophones *to, too,* and *two* in the story. *Homophones* are a type of homonym that sound alike, but have different spellings and different meanings.

Rereading for fluency

- Have the child(ren) read the story again aloud, listening for phrased, fluent oral reading that includes appropriate pausing and intonation.
- Reread to solve words or think about ideas, then resume a good rate of reading.

Writing activity

• On separate cards, write the four items Danny and Norman use to decorate the snowman. Have the students put the cards in sequential order to match the text. Then have them copy and complete the following sentence with one of the cards: "Here is a _____ for the snowman." Have them draw a picture that corresponds to what they have written.

FUN FACT

The biggest snowman ever created was in Bethel,
Maine, in 2008. The snow-woman, named Olympia,
was 122 feet tall, had pine trees for arms,
and a mouth made out of car tires.

Teaching Points: Introducing new words; Finding and clapping two-syllable words; Sequencing; Introducing the *to, too* and *two* homophones.