### Danny's Hats



### **Before reading**

- Look at the cover and read the title.
- Possible discussion questions: "On the cover, Danny is wearing a brown hat. What are the letters on Danny's hat?"

### Look through all the pictures

- As you look through the book, point out the color words: *black*, *blue*, *brown*, *pink*, *red*, and *white*.
- Help the children find the high-frequency phrase *It is a*.
- Help the children find the words: *police, sailor, cowboy, fireman,* and *grandma*. Each of these words has two syllables. Clap and count the syllables.

### Reading the text

- Have the children read the text independently. Encourage them to read it again if they finish before the others in the group.
- While they're reading, listen to each student individually and prompt them to use meaning, structure, and letter cues at difficulty. Praise the successful use of reading cues.
- Make sure the children can match (with their finger) or track (with their eyes) each word of the text.

### FUN FACT

The first record of a hat is from the La Marche cave etchings in western France, dating back 15,000 years.

# Danny's Hats

## Level B / 54 words / fiction

High frequency words: a, is, it, my

### After reading

- Discuss the meaning, structure, and letter cues that you noticed students using correctly at difficulty.
- Literal comprehension: The answers are in the text. Ask, "Which hat is black? Which hat is brown? Which hat is pink?" Have them read the pages that support their answers.
- Inferential comprehension: The answers are in your head. Ask, "Can you think of a different funny hat for Danny to wear?"

### Word work

- Point out the UPS (United Parcel Service) acronym on page 6. Explain that an acronym is an abbreviation using the first letter of each word to make a name.
- Point out that the 's in grandma's on page 12 means possession, showing that the hat belongs to grandma.
- Explore words that rhyme with *hat*. Notice the rhyming words have the same middle and ending letters as the word *hat*.

### **Rereading for fluency**

• Have the children read the story again, either independently or with a partner. Use this opportunity to listen and prompt for strategy use at difficulty.

### Writing activity

• On the board, write the sentence: "I see grandma's hat." Write words that rhyme with hat. What happens when the rhyming words are substituted for hat in the above sentence? Which sentences make sense?

**Teaching Points:** Using meaning to connect pictures to text; Finding and clapping two-syllable words; Practicing rhyming words that end with *-at*; Introducing possessive words with the *'s* ending; Introducing acronyms; Introducing color words in text.