



# Norman's Loose Tooth

Level E / 65 words / fiction

High frequency words:

*his, just, of, out, put, what, when, will, you*

## Before reading

- Look at the cover and read the title.
- Possible discussion questions: "What do you think Norman is saying to Danny in the picture on the cover?"

## Look through all the pictures

- Using the language in the story, discuss each photograph in the book. Notice details in the pictures and use that information to better understand the text.
- Help the children find any tricky words in the text: *chewing, surprise, wondered, pillow, and fairy*. Discuss meaning, word structure, and sounds you expect to hear in those words. Have children clap and count the syllables.

## Reading the text

- Have the children read the text independently. While they're reading, listen to each student and prompt them to use meaning, structure, and visual information to monitor and self-correct reading.
- Children should be able to read without using their finger to track words, except at point of difficulty.

## After reading

- Discuss the meaning, structure, and letter cues that you notice students using correctly.
- **Literal comprehension:** The answers are in the text. Ask, "What was Norman doing when his tooth fell out? What will happen when Norman puts the tooth under his pillow at night?" Have students read the pages that support their answers.

- **Inferential comprehension:** The answers are in your head. Ask, "How many teeth have you lost? Have you ever lost a tooth when you were chewing on something? What do you think the Tooth Fairy looks like?"

## Word work

- Have the students locate the high-frequency words in the text and practice writing them.
- Help the students find the words with the *th* digraph: *mouth, tooth, and the*.
- Find and discuss the words with the */ou/* phoneme: *mouth, ouch, and out*. Using magnetic letters, make other words with the same sound (*south, couch, about, pout, found*).

## Rereading for fluency

- Have the child(ren) read the story again aloud, listening for phrased, fluent oral reading that includes appropriate pausing and intonation.
- Reread to solve words or think about ideas, then resume a good rate of reading.

## Writing activity

- Have each student write the following sentence: "*Norman found the tooth that fell out of his mouth.*" Then have them draw a picture that corresponds to what they have written.

### FUN FACT

**The Tooth Fairy is younger than both Santa Claus and the Easter Bunny.**

**Teaching Points:** Introducing new words; Finding and clapping two-syllable words; Practicing the *th* digraph; Practicing the */ou/* phoneme; Rereading.