

# **Bats in Danny's House**

# Level D / 59 words / fiction

High frequency words: here, help, that, was, what

# Before reading

- Look at the cover and read the title.
- Possible discussion questions: "What is flying above Danny in the cover photograph? Have you ever seen a bat? What do you know about bats? Are they animals that we welcome into our homes?"

## Look through all the pictures

- Using the language in the story, discuss what is happening in each picture.
- Help the children find the high-frequency words: help, here, and was.
- Have the children find the words that may be new to them: *yells* and *cries*. Help students determine what it means when Danny *yells* and *cries* in the story.

#### Reading the text

- Have the children read the text independently. Encourage them to read it again if they finish before the others in the group.
- While they're reading, listen to each student individually and prompt them to use meaning, structure, and letter cues at difficulty. Praise the successful use of reading cues.
- Make sure the children can match (with their finger) or track (with their eyes) each word of the text.

#### **FUN FACT**

Bats are natural bug zappers and play an important role in keeping nature's balance. A single brown bat can eat up to 1,000 mosquitoes in one hour.

## After reading

- Discuss the meaning, structure, and letter cues that you notice students using correctly.
- Literal comprehension: The answers are in the text. Ask, "What sound does the bat make? How does Bee get the bat to leave the house?" Have students read the pages that support their answers.
- Inferential comprehension: The answers are in your head. Ask, "How does Danny feel about the bat in the house? How can you tell?"

#### Word work

- The words that and bat have the same at ending. Have the students list other words that end the same way (cat, rat, sat, mat).
- Have the students locate the -ing words resting and flying. Count and clap the syllables.
- Help the students locate the word *swish*. This word describes a sound. Have them create other words that end in *ish* (*fish*, *wish*, *dish*).

## Rereading for fluency

• Have the children read the story again, either independently or with a partner.

## Writing activity

- Have each student write the following sentences: "What is that? It's a bat!" Then have them draw a picture that corresponds to what they have written.
- Encourage the use of punctuation and independent attempts to spell words correctly.

**Teaching Points:** Introducing new words; Introducing the -ing ending; Practicing the ending sounds at and ish; Noticing punctuation (question marks and exclamation marks); Finding and clapping two-syllable words.