

Cubs at the Zoo

Level B / 30 words / informational text

High frequency words:

a, am, I, red, the, we

Before reading

- Look at the cover and read the title.
- Possible discussion questions: "What animals can you think of whose offspring are called cubs? Can you describe a time when you have seen or heard about a cub?"

Look through all the pictures

- Using the language in the story, discuss the animals introduced in each picture.
- Have students locate the animal words that may be new to them: *panda*, *polar*, and *tiger*. Have them clap the two syllables.

Reading the text

- Have the children read the text independently. Encourage them to read it again if they finish before the others in the group.
- While they're reading, listen to each student individually and prompt them to use meaning, structure, and letter cues at difficulty. Praise the successful use of reading cues.
- Make sure the children can match (with their finger) or track (with their eyes) each word of the text.

FUN FACT

Tiger cubs, bear cubs, and lion cubs are born blind.

Newborn cubs are entirely dependent
on their mothers for food and protection.

After reading

- Discuss the meaning, structure, and letter cues that you noticed students using correctly at difficulty.
- Literal comprehension: The answers are in the text. Say, "Name some animals from this story that have cubs." Have the children read the pages that support their answers.
- Inferential comprehension: The answers are in your head. Ask, "Can you think of some other animals whose offspring are called cubs? What are some other baby animal names (foal, kit, calf)?"

Word work

- Have students locate the high-frequency words in the text and practice writing them.
- Find the animal words in the text: *lion, polar bear, red panda,* and *tiger.*
- Ask students to think of other words that sound like am (ham, clam, ram, jam).

Rereading for fluency

• Have the children read the story again, either independently or with a partner. Use this opportunity to listen and prompt for strategy use at difficulty.

Writing activity

• Have the students write and complete the following sentences: "I am a baby _____. I am a cub." Then have the students draw a picture that corresponds to what they have written.

Teaching Points: Using meaning to connect pictures to text; Finding and clapping two-syllable words; Introducing new animal words; Practicing rhyming words that end with the *am* sound.