

Practice Gross Motor Skills with our Over-Easy Activity

You will need 1 tennis ball for each team.



In teams of 2 people, select one team member to be the female penguin with the egg and the other to be the male penguin.



In socks, the female penguin should position her feet together to best cradle the tennis ball egg without dropping it to the floor:

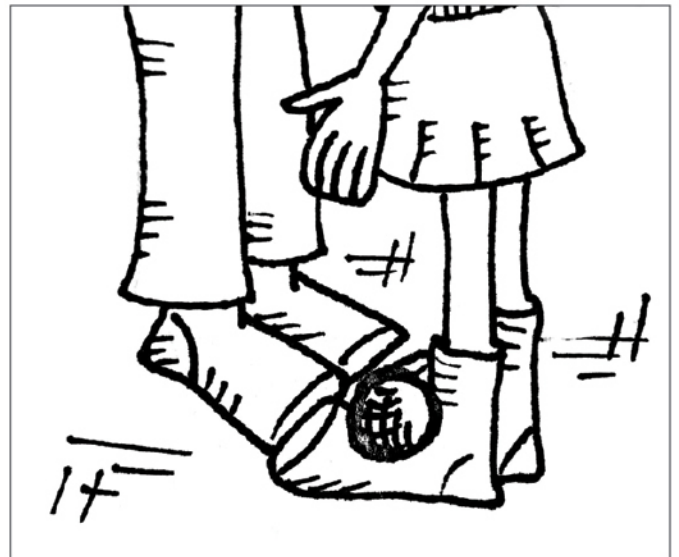


The penguin pair will waddle toward each other and work together to transfer the egg from the top of the female's feet to the top of the male's feet.

Remember: the egg must not be bumped hard or allowed to touch the frozen ground!

Try the transfer 10 times, writing down the results as you go.

What is your percentage rate?



What did the polar bear say to the penguin? Nothing... because they never met!

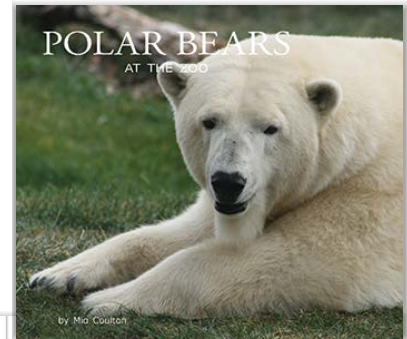
The Antarctic and the Arctic have the coldest, most harsh weather conditions on the planet, but they are very different places, with very different animal inhabitants. The Antarctic is a continent surrounding the South Pole. The Arctic is not a land mass. It is a large cap of ice surrounding the North Pole, above the Arctic Ocean. The two areas are similar in that they are both very cold, have long periods of darkness, and get very little precipitation, making it difficult

for plants to grow. Antarctica, however, gets much colder than the Arctic. While native people, polar bears, reindeer, hares, lemmings, arctic foxes, snowy owls, and many other land birds live in the Arctic, Antarctica has no native people and no significant land animal inhabitants. The largest native Antarctic land animal is a half-inch long insect. What Antarctica does have is a variety of sea life, including whales, seals, sea birds, and several types of penguins. Living at opposite ends of the world, penguins and polar bears would never cross paths.

Polar bears and penguins both love to swim, eat plenty of fish, and are well-suited for life in subzero temperatures with their specialized body adaptations. And they both depend on

the oceans that surround them for survival. After reading several resource books about polar bears and penguins, use the template on page 3 to make a classroom Venn diagram to compare the polar bears and penguins, noting their

similarities and differences. We'll start you off with a few facts, on the next page. Can you think of others? Place each fact in the correct area on the diagram: **Polar Bear**, **Penguin**, or for traits they share **Both**.



Look at the polar bear's paw.
It is huge!

The big paws of the polar bear have footpads like Velcro.
This keeps the polar bear from slipping on the ice.

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Polar Bear or Penguin? Or both?

